## G001 Online Test

Ref137

The flux is equal to

| A | $\phi=R m / F m$ | B | $\phi=F m \times R m$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | $\phi=\mathrm{Fm} / \mathrm{Rm}$ | D | $\phi=\mathrm{Fm}+\mathrm{Rm}$ |
|  | Answer |  |  |

Ref 138

Rm is equal to

| A | $\mathrm{l} \mu / \mathrm{A}$ | B | $\mathrm{L} \mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| C | $\mathrm{L} / \mu \mathrm{A}$ | D | $\mu \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{I}$ |  |  |
| Answer |  |  |  |  |  |

Ref139

Flux density is equal to

| A | $\phi$ A | B | $\phi / A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | A/ $\phi$ | D | $\Phi+A$ |
| Answer |  |  |  |
| Ref140 |  |  |  |

The torque produced in electric motor is equal to

| A | $\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{L}$ | B | $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{Br} / \mathrm{L}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{BL} / \mathrm{r}$ | D | $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{BL} \mathrm{r}$ |
| Answer |  |  |  |
| Ref141 |  |  |  |

A plunger brake electro-magnetic operates at a flux density of 12 tesla. If the CSA of the magnetic circuit is 0.04 sq-m and reluctance is 12000 amp -turn / wb, what current is required to operate the magnet if the coil has 1000 turns.

| A | 0.288 A | B | 1.3 A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | 0.576 A | D | 2.8 A |
| Answer |  |  |  |
| Ref142 |  |  |  |

The induced voltage in conductor moving in magnetic field is

| $A$ | $E=B L V \cos \Theta$ | $B$ | $E=B L V \sin \Theta$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $C$ | $E=B L V$ | $D$ | $E=B I \sin \Theta$ |
| Answer |  |  |  |

## Ref143

The voltage induced in coil of N turns is

| A | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{N} \phi$ | B | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{x} \phi / \mathrm{dt}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| C | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{NI}$ | D | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{N}^{2} \phi$ |  |  |
| Answer |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ref144 |  |  |  |  |  |

What is the velocity of a conductor 150 mm long and moving at right angle to magnetic field having a flux density of 0.4 tesla? The induced voltage is 4 V .

| A | $3.3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ | B | $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | $12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ | D | $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Answer |  |  |  |

## Ref145

The force between two current carrying conductors is

| A | $\mathrm{F}=10^{-7} \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{d}$ | B | $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{NI} / \mathrm{d}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | $\mathrm{F}=4 \Pi 10^{-7} \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{d}$ | D | $\mathrm{F}=2 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{d}$ |
| Answer |  |  |  |

Ref146

A transformer has 50 turns on the primary and 600 turns on secondary. If a flux of 0.25 wb is induced to zero in 10 ms , calculate the induced emf in each coil.

| A | $E 1=250 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{E} 2=3000 \mathrm{~V}$ | B | $\mathrm{E} 1=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{E} 2=25000 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| C | $\mathrm{E} 1=2500 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{E} 2=30000 \mathrm{~V}$ | D | $\mathrm{E} 1=\mathrm{E} 2=3000 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Answer |  |  |  |  |
| Ref147 |  |  |  |  |

If a conductor is being rotated at 2000 RPM in magnetic field and induces 400 V . If it is rotated at 1000 RPM.. Find the induced emf.

| A | 50 V | B | 200 V |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | 400 V | D | 100 V |
| Answer |  |  |  |
| Ref148 |  |  |  |

A 240 V coil 5000T produces magnetizing force 4000AT/ m . The magnetic circuit is 200 mm long. CSA $500 \mathrm{sq}-\mathrm{mm}$. Find the resistance of the coil.

| A | $150 \Omega$ | B | $3000 \Omega$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | $750 \Omega$ | D | $1500 \Omega$ |
| Answer |  |  |  |

