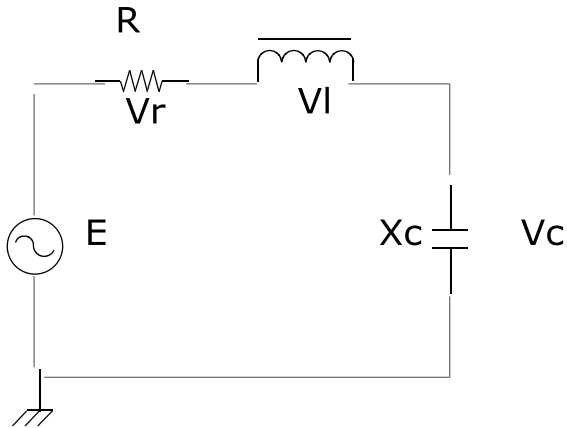


E025 Online Test

Ref 17

For the given series resonance circuitry, find I , V_r , V_l and V_c . If the resonance frequency is 4000Hz, Find the bandwidth . What power dissipated in circuit.

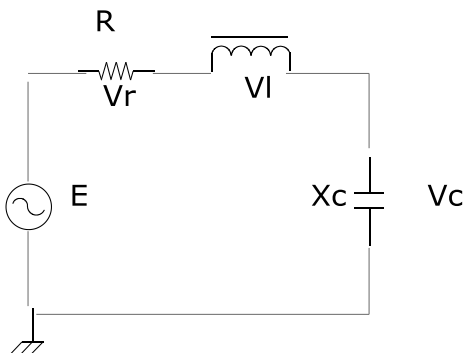


$E = 10 \angle 0^\circ$ V $R = 2$ Ohm, $X_l = 10$ ohm, $X_c = 10$ ohm

A	$I = 10$ Angle -90° amp, $V_r = 10$ V, $V_l = 10$ Angle 0° V, $V_c = 50$ Angle $+90^\circ$ V	B	$I = 10$ Angle 0° amp, $V_r = 5$ V, $V_l = 5$ Angle 90° V, $V_c = 50$ Angle $+90^\circ$ V
C	$I = 5$ Angle 0° amp, $V_r = 10$ V, $V_l = 10$ Angle 90° V, $V_c = 50$ Angle -90° V	D	$I = 10$ Angle 0° amp, $V_r = 10$ V, $V_l = 10$ Angle 90° V, $V_c = 50$ Angle -90° V
Answer			

Ref 18

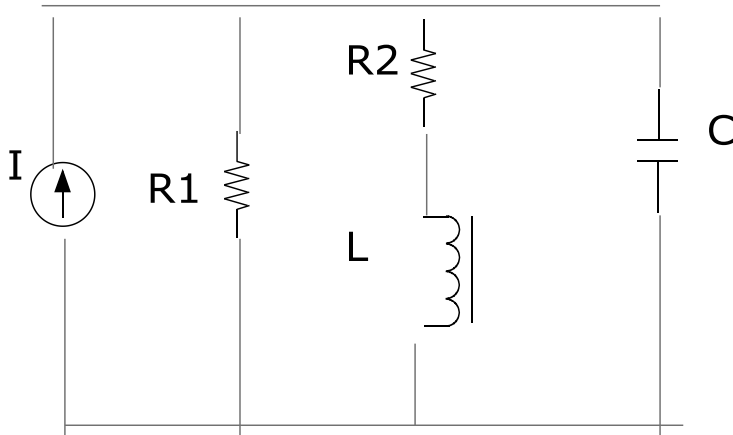
In the given circuit, Quality factor (Q), Bandwidth of resonant frequency 5000HZ and power dissipated at half power frequency are



$R = 2$ ohm, $X_l = 10$ ohm, $X_c = 10$ ohm $E = 10 \angle 0^\circ$ V

A	Q= 5, BW= 1000HZ, P (HPF)= 25W	B	Q= 10, BW= 2000HZ, P (HPF)= 50W
C	Q= 15, BW= 2000HZ, P (HPF)= 50W	D	Q= 20, BW= 3000HZ, P (HPF)= 25W
Answer			

Ref 19

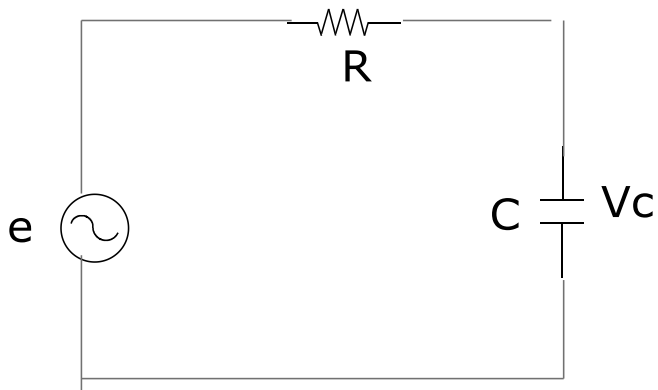
Q9. For the given network with f_p provided.
 $R_1 = 40 \text{ K}\Omega$, $R_2 = 10 \text{ }\Omega$, $L = 1\text{mH}$, $f_p = 0.04\text{MHz}$

- Determine Q_l
- Determine R_p
- Calculate Z_{tp}
- Find C at resonance
- Find Q_p
- Calculate BW

A	Q= 50, $R_p = 12 \text{ K}\Omega$, $Z_{tp} = 7 \text{ K}\Omega$ $C = 20 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $Q_p = 30$, $BW = 2\text{KHz}$	B	Q= 100, $R_p = 10 \text{ K}\Omega$, $Z_{tp} = 10\text{K}\Omega$ $C = 20 \text{ nF}$, $Q_p = 50$, $BW = 1\text{KHz}$
C	Q= 25.12, $R_p = 6.31 \text{ K}\Omega$, $Z_{tp} = 5.45 \text{ K}\Omega$ $C = 15.9 \text{ nF}$, $Q_p = 21.68$, $BW = 1.85 \text{ KHz}$	D	Q= 25.12, $R_p = 6.31 \text{ K}\Omega$, $Z_{tp} = 5.45 \text{ K}\Omega$ $C = 15.9 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $Q_p = 21.68$, $BW = 1.85 \text{ KHz}$
Answer			

Ref 20

The input voltage to the given circuit is $e = 12 + 10 \sin 2 t$



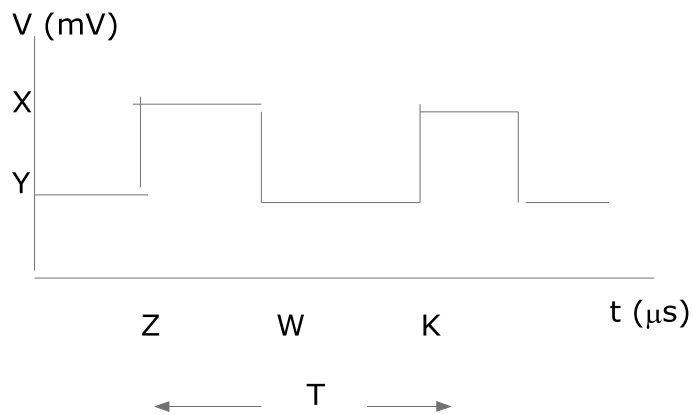
$$R = 3 \Omega, C = 1/8 \text{ F}$$

The effective value of current (I), V_c and the power dissipated in the circuit are

A	$I = 1.4142 \text{ amp}, V_c = 13.67 \text{ V}, P_{\text{eff}} = 6 \text{ w}$	B	$I = 1.4142 \text{ amp}, V_c = 20 \text{ V}, P_{\text{eff}} = 12 \text{ w}$
C	$I = 3 \text{ amp}, V_c = 13.67 \text{ V}, P_{\text{eff}} = 6 \text{ w}$	D	$I = 2 \text{ amp}, V_c = 20 \text{ V}, P_{\text{eff}} = 12 \text{ w}$
Answer			

Ref 21

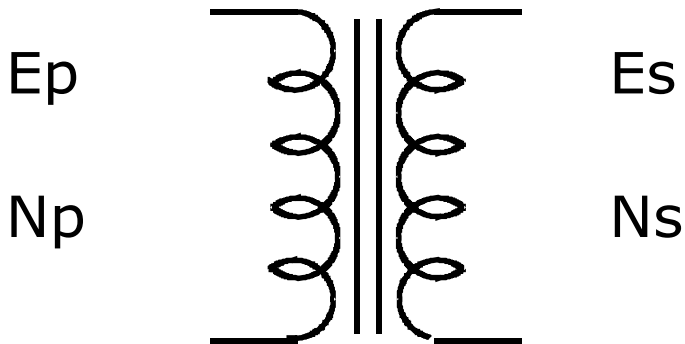
Determine the average value for given periodic pulse waveform.



$$X = 8, Y = 2, Z = 2, W = 6, K = 12$$

A	8 mV, 1 sec	B	4.4 mV, 0.4 sec
C	3 mV, 10 sec	D	8 mV, 0.4 sec
Answer			

Ref 22

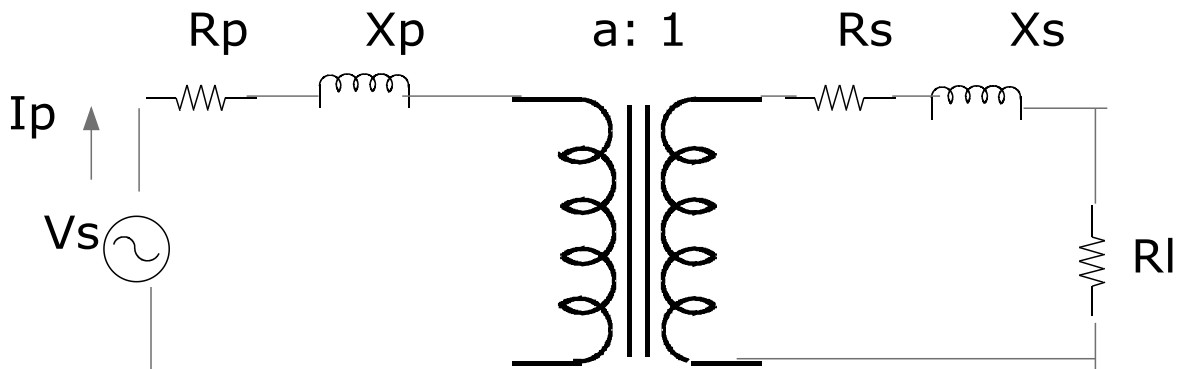


$E_p = 200\text{ V}$, $N_p = 50$, $E_s = 240\text{ V}$, $N_s = ?$

In the given transformer, maximum flux and secondary turn are

A	30mwb, 300 Turns	B	15mwb, 1000 Turns
C	15.02mwb, 600 Turns	D	70mwb, 300 Turns
Answer			

Ref 23



$I_p = 10\text{ A}$, $R_p = 1\ \Omega$, $X_p = 2\ \Omega$, $a = 2$, $R_s = 1\ \Omega$, $X_s = 2\ \Omega$, $R_I = 50\ \Omega$

In above circuit, the voltage V_s is

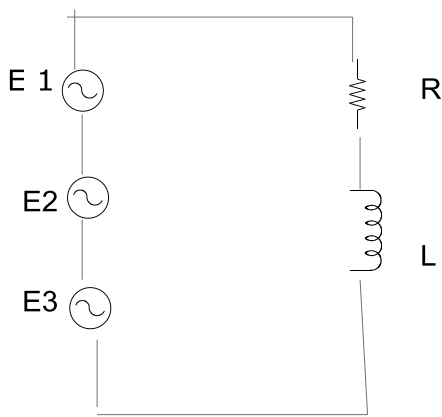
A	1000V	B	2452V
C	300V	D	5000V
Answer			

Ref 24

If the system has a voltage gain of 36dB and output voltage 6.8V, the input voltage is

A	3V	B	10V
C	0.107V	D	0.8V
Answer			

Ref 25

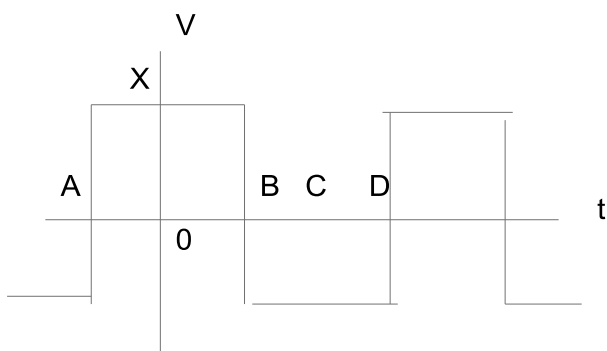


$E_1 = 25V$, $E_2 = 80 \sin \omega t$, $E_3 = 20 \sin 3\omega t$ $R = 20 \Omega$, $L = 0.2H$

Total power dissipated in the given circuit is

A	100W	B	53.5W
C	200W	D	0.1W
Answer			

Ref 26



$V = 100V$, $A = -\pi/4$, $B = \pi/2$, $C = \pi$, $D = 3\pi/2$

The first four terms of the given trigonometric Fourier series are

A	$\frac{400}{\pi} + \frac{400}{\pi} \cos \theta +$ $\frac{400}{2\pi} \cos^2 \theta - \frac{400}{3\pi} \cos^3 \theta$	B	$0 + \frac{400}{\pi} \cos \theta + 0 - \frac{400}{\pi} \cos^3 \theta$
C	$0 + 0 + 0 - \frac{400}{3\pi} \cos^3 \theta$	D	$\frac{400}{\pi} + 0 + 0 + \frac{400}{3\pi} \cos^3 \theta$
Answer			